SSB 5647 - H COMM AMD

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By Committee on Community & Economic Development & Trade

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 04/12/2007

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 67.28.080 and 1997 c 452 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 7 (1) "Acquisition" includes, but is not limited to, siting, 8 acquisition, design, construction, refurbishing, expansion, repair, and 9 improvement, including paying or securing the payment of all or any 10 portion of general obligation bonds, leases, revenue bonds, or other 11 obligations issued or incurred for such purpose or purposes under this 12 chapter.
- 13 (2) "Municipality" means any county, city or town of the state of Washington.
- 15 (3) "Operation" includes, but is not limited to, operation, 16 management, and marketing.
 - (4) "Person" means the federal government or any agency thereof, the state or any agency, subdivision, taxing district or municipal corporation thereof other than county, city or town, any private corporation, partnership, association, or individual.
 - (5) "Tourism" means economic activity resulting from tourists, which may include sales of overnight lodging, meals, tours, gifts, or souvenirs.
- 24 (6) "Tourism promotion" means activities, operations, and 25 expenditures designed to increase tourism, including but not limited to 26 advertising, publicizing, or otherwise distributing information for the 27 purpose of attracting and welcoming tourists; developing strategies to 28 expand tourism; operating tourism promotion agencies; and funding the 29 marketing of or the operation of special events and festivals designed 30 to attract tourists.

(7) "Tourism-related facility" means real or tangible personal property with a usable life of three or more years, or constructed with volunteer labor((7)) that is: (a)(i) Owned by a public entity; (ii) owned by a nonprofit organization described under section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended; or (iii) owned by a nonprofit organization described under section 501(c)(6) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, a business organization, destination marketing organization, main street organization, lodging association, or chamber of commerce and (b) used to support tourism, performing arts, or to accommodate tourist activities.

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- 12 (8) "Tourist" means a person who travels from a place of residence 13 to a different town, city, county, state, or country, for purposes of 14 business, pleasure, recreation, education, arts, heritage, or culture.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 67.28 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Lodging tax revenues under this chapter may be used, directly by local jurisdictions or indirectly through a convention and visitors bureau or destination marketing organization, for the marketing and operations of special events and festivals and to support the operations and capital expenditures of tourism-related facilities owned by nonprofit organizations described under 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.
 - (2) Local jurisdictions that use the lodging tax revenues under this section must submit an annual economic impact report for these expenditures to the department of community, trade, and economic development beginning January 1, 2008. This economic impact report, at a minimum, must include: (a) The total revenue received under this chapter for each year; (b) the list of festivals, special events, or nonprofit 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) organizations that received funds under this chapter; (c) the amount of revenue expended on each festival, special event, or tourism-related facility owned by a nonprofit 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) organization; (d) the estimated number of tourists and lodging stays generated per festival, special event, or tourism-related facility owned by a nonprofit 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) organization; (e) an estimated increase in sales and use tax revenues attributable to the special event, festival, or tourism-related

- facility owned by a nonprofit 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) organization; and 1
- 2 (f) any other measurements the local government finds that demonstrate
- the impact of the increased tourism attributable to the festival, 3
- special event, or tourism-related facility owned by a nonprofit 4
- 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) organization. 5
- (3) The joint legislative audit and review committee must report to 6 the legislature and the governor on the use and economic impact of
- lodging tax revenues by local jurisdictions since the effective date of 8
- this act to support festivals, special events, and tourism-related 9
- facilities owned by a nonprofit organization under section 501(c)(3) or 10
- 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, and the 11
- economic impact generated by these festivals, events, and facilities. 12
- 13 This report shall be due September 1, 2012.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act expires June 30, 2013." 14
- Correct the title. 15

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- (1) Clarifies 501(c)(6) like organizations such as business organizations, destination marketing organizations, main street organizations, lodging associations, and chambers of commerce may operate a tourism-related facility.
- (2) Allows a local jurisdiction's lodging tax to be used for the operation and marketing of festivals and special events as well as the operations and capital expenditures of tourism-related facilities owned by a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization. Requires annual accountability reports on the use of funds for festivals, special events, and tourismrelated facilities owned by a 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) nonprofit organization. Requires a report by the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee to the Legislature and the Governor by September 1, 2012, regarding the expenditures and economic impact of the festivals, special events, and tourism-related facilities owned by a 501(c)(3)or 501(c)(6) nonprofit organization.
- (3) Expires the authorization for lodging tax revenues to be used for festivals, special events, and tourism-related facilities owned by a 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) nonprofit organization on June 30, 2013.

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